## **Phishing Protection**

OF THE WEEK

## How to Spot a Phishing Email

It could be a phishing email if...

- There are misspelled words in the e-mail or it contains poor grammar
- The sender's name doesn't seem related to the sender email address
- The message is making you an offer that is too good to be true
- The message is asking for personally identifiable information such as credit card numbers, account numbers, passwords, PINs, or Social Security Numbers.
- There are "threats" or alarming statements that create a sense of urgency.
- The name in the message isn't the one you're used to seeing.
- Beware that some phishing emails use attachments (coupons, etc) which can house malware.
- Shortened URLs can present danger. Be careful to verify all web addresses. It is safer to simply manually enter URL's into your web browser.



Do you have ideas that should be shared as security tips of the week? If so, please send them to UnivIT\_SP@ur.rochester.edu

For more information, please visit: www.rochester.edu/it/security