CONTRIBUTED REPORT

Elevated Prenatal Cortisol Levels and Cognitive Development

O’Connor notes that there are a couple of important nuances of the study. For example, the source of the in-utero cortisol is hard to pinpoint. It might be passed along the placenta from an anxious mother to her unborn baby—or it could be created and excreted directly by a stressed fetus.

“While many large-scale studies have observed that prenatal stress may influence child development, our particular study sheds some light on ‘how,’” O’Connor says. “Still, much more research is needed to better pinpoint the exact mechanisms behind a mother ‘transferring’ her stress to her unborn baby.”

This study plays into the much larger theory of fetal programming, which suggests that exposure in the womb may prime the developing child for long-term health and developmental outcomes. Past studies have found a pregnant mother’s diet can sway a child’s long-term risk for heart disease, diabetes, and obesity. Along with diet, prenatal stress has emerged as a factor looming large in such programming.

“Our results support this emerging theory,” says coauthor Glover. “In neurology, the idea emerging is that unborn children sense their mothers’ stress hormone levels, programming them for greater watchfulness. We’re trying to determine whether or not that sensitivity comes with greater anxiety during childhood, and if so, what we can do about it.”

The team will revisit the children in the study when they turn six. At that point, researchers hope to give the group a battery of tests to see how the interplay between in-utero cortisol levels and sensitive parenting pans out in the long term. Those tests would include imaging studies of the children’s brains, looking to see if the higher cortisol levels may be linked to anatomical changes.

The findings are of broad public health significance, O’Connor says. “Stress in pregnancy is really something we need to attend to seriously.

“This is a helpful lesson for neuroscience and neuroscientists. We don’t want to leave behind a focus on family relationships while we investigate what happens under the skin and between cells.”

Becky Jones is a writer for Medical Center Public Relations and Communications. Additional reporting by Kathleen McGarvey.