Home on the Fringe

London theater producer Erica Fee ’99 spearheads the City of Rochester’s first Fringe Festival.

By Karen McCally ’02 (PhD)

TALKING WITH ERICA FEE ’99—AT JAVA’S ON Gibbs Street, adjacent to the Eastman School and in the heart of Rochester’s East End—can seem a bit like talking to someone who has just launched a political campaign. She knows this.

The producer of a major arts festival, Fee says, “There’s a lot of politics in theater and theater in politics. Staging a campaign, producing a festival or a show—they’re more similar than they are different.”

With the help of a “working board” of 20-some members, Fee (who majored in political science and minored in theater) will be bringing the Rochester Fringe Festival to fruition over five days in September. Taking place at venues throughout the city, supplemented by outdoor performances clustered in the Gibbs Street neighborhood, the festival will include performances of comedy, drama, music, dance, and displays of visual arts.

It’s a venture that has brought together the University, multiple theaters, restaurants, the George Eastman House, neighboring colleges, and big financial supporters, which is why community members will also see the festival billed as the First Niagara Rochester Fringe Festival.

In her mid-30s, Fee has energy and presence. Nonetheless, she says she initially experienced some “pushback” among a few
“What’s exciting about a fringe festival is the structure. Unlike a traditional performing arts festival, or even the jazz festival here, where there’s a central artistic board, the venues all decide their own programming.”

UK that she became acquainted with fringe festivals—a unique kind of arts event with a storied history.

The first fringe festival took place in Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1947. Entirely unplanned, it was essentially a shadow festival to the much larger, grander Edinburgh International Festival, a juried festival in which multiple theater groups were not invited to participate. They held their own festival—performing at pubs and at rented space at the University of Edinburgh.

Today, the Edinburgh Fringe Festival, which remains unjuried, is the largest arts festival in the world and has spawned the new genre. In 2012, there will be approximately 200 fringe festivals around the world, with 20 in the United States.

“What’s exciting about a fringe festival is the structure,” says Fee. “Unlike a traditional performing arts festival, or even the jazz festival here, where there’s a central artistic board” she says, referring to the Xerox Rochester International Jazz Festival held in the city each June, “the venues all decide their own programming.” It’s a structure that allows risk taking by new artists or established talents, by up-coming venues, or long-standing community standard-bearers. “They’re really given a chance to succeed and a chance to fail,” she says.

Fee acquired her knowledge of fringe festivals on the job—as both a performer and a producer of shows in the flagship Edinburgh festival. After graduating from Rochester, Fee moved to London to study acting at Arts Educational Schools London, a nearly century-old school that counts among its graduates Julie Andrews and Jane Seymour. In 2001, she won a role in I Am Star Trek, a comedy by Rick Vorn-dran about the life of Star Trek creator Gene Roddenberry, as Roddenberry’s wife, Majel. It was that show that brought her to the Edinburgh Fringe.

“I just couldn’t believe how fantastic the Edinburgh Fringe was,” says Fee, who returned to London to continue to work with the producers of the show, the Skulldug-

STAND OR FALL: Fee says the fringe format invites experimentation and freedom—“a chance to succeed and a chance to fail,” for emerging artists and professionals alike. “That’s what sets it apart.”