

App-ed to Find a Parking Space?

Drivers in big cities will tell you that finding a parking place on the street is like searching for a needle in a haystack. **Eric Meyer** '12 is one of them. Last spring, he launched Haystack, a new smartphone app for frustrated city motorists.

The idea struck him in December 2013. "I was tired of circling the block late at night searching for a spot in my Baltimore neighborhood," Meyer says. "After too many tickets, I thought there must be a more efficient way for drivers to park and exchange information with their neighbors."

Haystack is a social parking community that lets drivers exchange street spots in real time via a free smartphone application. Users download the app from the iOS or Android store, sign up with their car and credit card information, and begin using the service.

"Haystackers" can either be seeking or providing a tip about an available spot. The parties are matched to spaces based on proximity and car length. To offer a tip—which users will often do as they are leaving a spot—they indicate the location and type of spot they are about to leave and are paired with a nearby seeker. The users can communicate to smooth the exchange.

While Haystack enjoyed a smooth launch in Baltimore last May—Meyer was named a 2014 Innovator of the Year by Maryland's *Daily Record* and Haystack won Best New Web or Mobile Product at Technical.ly Baltimore's Innovation Week—it hit a roadblock in Boston. The city banned the app in August, charging that Haystack and its users are private parties profiting from a public resource. Haystack retains a 25 percent transaction fee on parking exchanges and the average exchange is about \$3.

Meyer counters that the app sells information, not parking spaces. A political science major at Rochester, he says one of his biggest challenges hasn't been technical, but political: that is, "navigating the archaic network of backward-thinking governments."

"Urban parking is a critical issue, and we need innovative





companies and city governments to work together to find effective solutions," says Meyer, who has offered to work with Boston city officials to devise a mutually agreeable solution.

In those discussions, "Eric worked the room like an old pro," says Lawrence DiCara, a partner at the law firm Nixon Peabody, who in the 1970s won a spot on the Boston City Council at the age of 22. "He knows that no city government can solve transportation problems on its own."

Meyer is a serial entrepreneur. He launched his first registered business at 14, producing professional videos. A year later he started the Geneseo Summer Scholars day camp, the first iteration of Young Scholar Adventures, LLC. He also learned the ropes in a corporate environment, directing beverage programs and promotions for Phillips Seafood Restaurants, a \$50 million company.

"Creating something new is incredibly exciting," he says. "It's that excitement I suppose that has driven my interest in a diversity of fields," he says, rattling off problems he sees in the restaurant business, entrepreneurship education, and of course, parking. "Bringing people together to solve these problems is what gets me out of bed in the morning." ¹ –JOHN MARTIN '69

In the News

New Leadership at an Iconic TV Brand

The National Geographic Channel has someone new in charge of programming: **Tim Pastore** '00, '02 (MA) was named president of original programming and production last August.

Pastore had been employed at National Geographic Studios for about a year before he was promoted into his new role, part of a wider overhaul in leadership at the channel.

Pastore got his first big break in television as producer of Discovery Channel's *The Deadliest Catch*, for which he was nominated for a Primetime Emmy Award for outstanding nonfiction series in 2007. In 2010, he was nominated a second time for a Primetime Emmy, this time for *Dirty Jobs*, in the category of outstanding reality program.

Pastore has been an executive producer for *Life Below Zero*, *Flying Wild Alaska*, *Dual Survival*, *Gold Rush*, and other series.

Dual Honors for Expert on Longevity

Laura Carstensen '78—author of *A Long Bright Future* (Broadway Books), a TED speaker, and founding director of the Stanford Center on Longevity—received two awards from the Gerontological Society of America. A psychologist, she's the only person ever to receive both awards simultaneously.

Carstensen earned the Robert W. Kleemeier Award for outstanding research in gerontology, and the Distinguished Mentorship in Gerontology Award.

In A Long Bright Future, Carstensen debunked the notion that aging Americans are destined to drain the nation's financial resources. Her own findings suggested that an increasing number of Americans over age 65 enjoy good health and maintain skills that are valuable to society.

She's also found that older Americans are happier, on the whole, than younger ones. She is considered the founder of socioemotional selectivity theory, which posits that as people grow older, they become more selective in their commitments, investing more time and resources in emotionally gratifying experiences, and often paring down their social circles.

In addition to her role at the Stanford Center on Longevity, Carstensen is a professor of psychology and the Fairleigh S. Dickinson Jr. Professor in Public Policy, also at Stanford.



WINNER: Carstensen developed a noted theory on aging.